

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

LEIGHTON TECHNOLOGIES LLC,

Plaintiff,

vs.

OBERTHUR CARD SYSTEMS, S.A. and
OBERTHUR CARD SYSTEMS OF
AMERICA CORPORATION,

Defendants.

OBERTHUR CARD SYSTEMS, S.A. and
OBERTHUR CARD SYSTEMS OF
AMERICA CORPORATION,

Counterclaim Plaintiffs,

vs.

LEIGHTON TECHNOLOGIES LLC,
GENERAL PATENT CORPORATION
INTERNATIONAL, GENERAL PATENT
CORPORATION, and IP HOLDINGS LLC,

Counterclaim Defendants.

Case No: 04 CV 02496 (CM) (LMS)

**SUPPLEMENTAL DECLARATION
OF EDWARD J. DEFRAZCO
SUBMITTED IN SUPPORT OF
DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO
DISMISS FOR LACK OF STANDING**

I, Edward J. DeFranco, under penalty of perjury, declare as follows:

I am a partner at Quinn Emanuel Urquhart Oliver & Hedges, LLP, and I represent Oberthur Card Systems, S.A. and Oberthur Card Systems of America Corporation in this case. I submit this Supplemental Declaration in Support of Defendants' Motion to Dismiss for Lack of Standing.

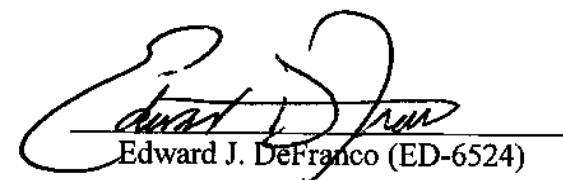
1. Attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 73 is a true copy and correct copy of a news release from HID Corporation dated September 28, 2001.

2. Attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 74 is a true and correct copy of a corporate profile of Indala Corporation from 2006.

3. Attached to this Declaration as Exhibit 75 is a true copy and correct copy of Plaintiff HID Global Corporation's Answer and Affirmative Defenses to Leighton Technologies LLC's Counterclaims, Case No. SACV05-513 AHS (C.D. Cal.).

I swear under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated: March 2, 2007



Edward J. DeFranco (ED-6524)

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that this document filed through the ECF system will be sent electronically to the registered participants as identified on the Notice of Electronic Filing (NEF) and paper copies will be sent to those indicated as non-registered participants, if any, on this 2nd day of March, 2007.

/s/ Edward J. DeFranco (ED-6524)

Exhibit 73



NEWS RELEASE

FOR IMMEDIATE
RELEASE

HID Contact:
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Motorola Contact:
Faye Bergemann
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HID CORPORATION TO ACQUIRE RFID ACCESS CONTROL BUSINESS FROM MOTOROLA

Irvine, CA (September 28, 2001) HID Corporation, an ASSA ABLOY Group company, has entered into a definitive agreement to acquire Motorola's worldwide RFID Access Control Business, previously known as "Indala". This business has its headquarters in San Jose, California. The acquisition is expected to be completed in the 4th quarter of 2001, subject to regulatory approvals and customary closing conditions.

"Motorola's RFID Access Control Business is complementary to HID's RFID business," said Joe Grillo, HID President and CEO. "HID is committed to providing our customers with the highest quality products and industry-leading customer service programs. We will be viewed as a company that is technically progressive and easy to do business with."

"Motorola determined that the long-term interests of the RFID business unit is best served by aligning it with a company having similar market objectives and focus," said Jim Osborn, Motorola Corporate Vice President and General Manager. "We are pleased that HID recognized the opportunity for synergy with their RFID business."

HID will continue to foster strong personal relationships with customers and employees of the combined operations. The acquisition will provide opportunities for new product innovations, growth and services within HID's expanding RFID and contactless access control businesses.

The Sweden-based ASSA ABLOY group is the world's leading manufacturer and supplier of locks and associated products, dedicated to satisfying end-user needs for security, safety and convenience. Current sales for the Group are in excess of US \$2 billion, representing sales from over 100 subsidiaries employing approximately 25,000 people in 30 countries. ASSA ABLOY product segments include mechanical locks, electronic locks, security doors, industrial locks (including automobile locks), hotel locks and RFID technology.

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For more about HID Corporation, visit www.hidcorp.com.

Exhibit 74

INDALA CORPORATE PROFILE



OVERVIEW

With an inspired vision and a talented, determined team, Indala Corporation began in 1985 as a classic Silicon Valley start-up. Soon thereafter, Indala became the world's first company to attain commercial success applying RFID technology to access control systems. By investing in new technologies and applications, Indala maintains a leadership position in the market it helped create. Today, RFID products for access control are ubiquitous. ASSA ABLOY acquired Indala in November of 2001, and since that time Indala has performed as a leader in the parent company's Identification Technology Group as well as in the marketplace by providing highly-secure Proximity solutions for access control. Led by a team of industry veterans, Indala's installed base exceeds 100-million cards and two-million readers.

PHILOSOPHY

Indala maintains a *best in class* customer support model, making it easy for customers to fully benefit from Indala products and services day after day, year after year. The success of this philosophy hinges on how well Indala designs its products, trains its employees, and delivers on promises made to customers every day. By focusing and investing in these areas, the Indala philosophy has become a sustainable competitive advantage for Indala and its customers for over 20 years.

SOLUTIONS

Indala provides reliable physical access solutions for virtually all access control needs. With a complete product portfolio featuring Indala's exclusive FlexSecur™ technology, the confidence of security between card and reader, Indala supports its customers with innovative product design and responsive customer care.

PRODUCTS

- **Indala FlexPass® 125 kHz Proximity Readers** – Indala's high-quality line of FlexPass® readers combines intelligent programming technology with interchangeable components including uniform modules and a range of stylish cover designs. The Indala portfolio also includes cards, tags, OEM modules and heavy-duty pinprox keypad readers.
- **MR Series™ Magnetic Stripe Readers** – The Indala MR Series™ rugged swipe card readers incorporate state-of-the-art heated magneto-resistive read heads, LED indication, and fully encapsulated electronics to allow operation in harsh environments. For access control and point of sale solutions, the MR Series is robust enough to carry a 5-year warranty—many times the industry standard.

INDALA ADVANTAGES

- **Exclusive FlexSecur® Technology** – Indala's FlexSecur® security coding, with its unique method of card-to-reader authentication and password protection, provides added security features to the Company's proximity technology, screening out unauthorized cards prior to sending programming data to the host system.
- **Customized Solutions** – Indala develops and manages custom ID solutions to meet OEM, integrator and end user requirements. No client is too large or small to benefit from Indala's wealth of diverse capabilities.
- **Fast Delivery** – Indala ships nearly all confirmed orders within five days and most within 72 hours.
- **Global Expertise** – With its global development resources and production capabilities, Indala delivers innovative products and superior customer service around the world.

CUSTOMERS

Indala supports systems integrators, dealers, distributors, and end users internationally. Indala solutions are deployed in a myriad of private and public-sector organizations such as corporate, education, healthcare, and Government.

LOCATIONS

Indala headquarters are in San Jose, CA. The Company also supports sales, technical support and production facilities worldwide.

Exhibit 75

COPY

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Attorneys for Plaintiffs HID GLOBAL CORPORATION,
HID CORPORATION, INDALA CORPORATION AND
ACCESSID, INC.

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

12 HID CORPORATION,
13 a Delaware corporation,
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15 INDALA CORPORATION,
16 a Delaware corporation, and
17
18 ACCESSID, INC.,
19 a Delaware corporation,
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21 Plaintiff(s),
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23 v.
24
25 LEIGHTON TECHNOLOGIES LLC,
26 a New York limited liability company,
27
28

CASE NO. SACV05-513 AHS (RNBx)

PLAINTIFF HID GLOBAL
CORPORATION'S ANSWER AND
AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES TO
LEIGHTON TECHNOLOGIES
LLC'S COUNTERCLAIMS

PLAINTIFF'S ANSWER AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES TO LEIGHTON
TECHNOLOGIES LLC'S COUNTERCLAIMS

1 GENERAL PATENT CORPORATION
 2 INTERNATIONAL,
 3 a New York corporation, and
 4 DOES NOS. 1 THROUGH 10,
 5 Defendant(s).

6 Plaintiff HID Global Corporation ("Plaintiff" or "HID Global"), formerly the
 7 individually named Plaintiffs HID Corporation, Indala Corporation and AccessID,
 8 Inc., for its Answer and Affirmative Defenses to Leighton Technologies LLC's
 9 ("LT") Counterclaims, states as follows:

10 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

11 1. In response to the allegations contained in Paragraph 1 of LT's
 12 Counterclaims, Plaintiff admits that LT's Counterclaims purports to allege claims
 13 arising under the Patent Act, 35 U.S.C. §§ 101, *et seq.*, but Plaintiff denies that it has
 14 committed any actionable conduct.

15 2. In response to the allegations contained in Paragraph 2 of LT's
 16 Counterclaims, Plaintiff admits that the Court has subject matter jurisdiction over
 17 LT's purported Counterclaims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a), but
 18 Plaintiff denies that it has committed any actionable conduct.

19 3. In response to the allegations contained in Paragraph 3 of LT's
 20 Counterclaim, Plaintiff admits that it has consented to personal jurisdiction in this
 21 Court through the filing of the initial declaratory judgment action, but Plaintiff
 22 denies that it has committed any actionable conduct in this district or elsewhere.

23 4. As set forth in Paragraph 4 of the Counterclaims, Plaintiff admits that
 24 venue is appropriate in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b)-(c) and 1400(b),
 25 but Plaintiff denies that it has committed any actionable conduct in this district or
 26 elsewhere. All other allegations set forth in Paragraph 4 of the Counterclaims not
 27 specifically admitted are denied.

THE PARTIES

2 5. As set forth in Paragraph 5 of the Counterclaims, Plaintiff admits the
3 allegations therein.

4 6. As set forth in Paragraph 6 of the Counterclaims, Plaintiff admits that
5 HID Corporation was, and now as HID Global Corporation is, a corporation
6 organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, with a principal
7 place of business at 9292 Jeronimo Road, Irvine, California 92618. All other
8 allegations set forth in Paragraph 6 of the Counterclaims not specifically admitted
9 are denied.

10 7. As set forth in Paragraph 7 of the Counterclaims, Plaintiff admits that
11 Indala was a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of
12 Delaware, with a place of business at 6850 B Santa Theresa Boulevard, San Jose,
13 California 95119. By way of further response, Plaintiff states that Indala was
14 merged into Plaintiff HID Global and is no longer a stand-alone corporate entity.
15 All other allegations set forth in Paragraph 7 of the Counterclaims not specifically
16 admitted are denied.

17 8. As set forth in Paragraph 8 of the Counterclaims, Plaintiff admits that
18 AccessID was a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of
19 Delaware, with a place of business at 16625 Redmond Way, Suite M, No. 18,
20 Redmond, Washington 98052. By way of further response, Plaintiff states that
21 AccessID was merged into Plaintiff HID Global and is no longer a stand-alone
22 corporate entity. All other allegations set forth in Paragraph 8 of the Counterclaims
23 not specifically admitted are denied.

GENERAL AVERMENTS

25 9. As set forth in Paragraph 9 of the Counterclaims, Plaintiff admits that
26 LT purports to be the sole owner, and is the recorded owner, by assignment of
27 United States Patent No. 5,817,207, issued on October 6, 1998 and entitled "Radio
28 Frequency Identification Card And Hot Lamination Process For The Manufacture

1 Of Radio Frequency Identification Cards.” Plaintiff further admits that what
2 purports to be a copy of U.S. Patent No. 5,817,207 is attached as Exhibit 1 to the
3 Counterclaims and that the document speaks for itself. All other allegations set
4 forth in Paragraph 9 of the Counterclaims not specifically admitted are denied.

5 10. As set forth in Paragraph 10 of the Counterclaims, Plaintiff admits that
6 LT purports to be the sole owner, and is the recorded owner, by assignment of
7 United States Patent No. 6,036,099, issued on March 14, 2000 and entitled “Hot
8 Lamination Process For The Manufacture Of A Combination Contact/Contactless
9 Smart Card And Product Resulting Therefrom.” Plaintiff further admits that what
10 purports to be a copy of U.S. Patent No. 6,036,099 is attached as Exhibit 2 to the
11 Counterclaims and that the document speaks for itself. All other allegations set
12 forth in Paragraph 10 of the Counterclaims not specifically admitted are denied.

13 11. As set forth in Paragraph 11 of the Counterclaims, Plaintiff admits that
14 LT purports to be the sole owner, and is the recorded owner, by assignment of
15 United States Patent No. 6,214,155, issued on April 10, 2001 and entitled “Radio
16 Frequency Identification Card And Hot Lamination Process For The Manufacture
17 Of Radio Frequency Identification Cards.” Plaintiff further admits that what
18 purports to be a copy of U.S. Patent No. 6,214,155 is attached as Exhibit 3 to the
19 Counterclaims and that the document speaks for itself. All other allegations set
20 forth in Paragraph 11 of the Counterclaims not specifically admitted are denied.

21 12. As set forth in Paragraph 12 of the Counterclaims, Plaintiff admits that
22 LT purports to be the sole owner, and is the recorded owner, by assignment of
23 United States Patent No. 6,514,367, issued on February 4, 2003 and entitled “Hot
24 Lamination Process For The Manufacture Of A Combination Contact/Contactless
25 Smart Card.” Plaintiff further admits that what purports to be a copy of U.S. Patent
26 No. 6,514,367 is attached as Exhibit 4 to the Counterclaims and that the document
27 speaks for itself. All other allegations set forth in Paragraph 12 of the
28 Counterclaims not specifically admitted are denied.

1 13. As set forth in Paragraph 13 of the Counterclaims, Plaintiff admits that
2 it sells a number of contact and contactless access control card products. All other
3 allegations set forth in Paragraph 13 of the Counterclaims not specifically admitted
4 are denied.

FIRST COUNTERCLAIM

INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 5,817,207

7 14. As set forth in Paragraph 14 of the Counterclaims, Plaintiff repeats and
8 incorporates by reference its responses to the allegations of Paragraphs 1-13 of the
9 Counterclaims as though fully set forth herein

10 15. Plaintiff denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 15 of the
11 Counterclaims.

12 16. Plaintiff denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 16 of the
13 Counterclaims.

14 17. Plaintiff denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 17 of the
15 Counterclaims.

SECOND COUNTERCLAIM

INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 6,036,099

18 18. As set forth in Paragraph 18 of the Counterclaims, Plaintiff repeats and
19 incorporates by references its responses to the allegations of Paragraphs 1-17 of the
20 Counterclaims as though fully set forth herein.

19. Plaintiff denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 19 of the
Counterclaims.

23 20. Plaintiff denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 20 of the
24 Counterclaims.

25 21. Plaintiff denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 21 of the
26 Counterclaims.

THIRD COUNTERCLAIM

INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 6,214,155

22. As set forth in Paragraph 22 of the Counterclaims, Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by references its responses to the allegations of Paragraphs 1-21 of the Counterclaims as though fully set forth herein.

23. Plaintiff denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 23 of the Counterclaims.

24. Plaintiff denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 24 of the Counterclaims.

25. Plaintiff denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 25 of the Counterclaims.

FOURTH COUNTERCLAIM

INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 6,514,367

26. As set forth in Paragraph 26 of the Counterclaims, Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by references its responses to the allegations of Paragraphs 1-25 of the Counterclaims as though fully set forth herein.

27. Plaintiff denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 27 of the Counterclaims.

28. Plaintiff denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 28 of the Counterclaims.

29. Plaintiff denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 29 of the Counterclaims.

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

1. Some or all of the patents-in-suit are invalid because they fail to meet the conditions of patentability set forth under the Patent Act, 35 U.S.C. § 1 *et seq.*, including for at least one or more of the following reasons:

(a) the claimed subject matter of the patents-in-suit was known and used by others in this country or patented or described in a printed publication

1 in this or foreign country before the alleged invention thereof by the
2 purported inventor;

3 (b) the claimed subject matter of the patents-in-suit was patented or
4 described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use
5 or on sale in this country more than one year prior to the effective filing date
6 of the applications which resulted in issuance of the patents-in-suit;

7 (c) before the alleged invention by the purported inventor of the
8 patents-in-suit, the invention was made in this country by another who had
9 not abandoned, suppressed, or concealed it;

10 (d) the claimed subject matter of the patents-in-suit would have been
11 obvious at the time of the alleged invention to a person having ordinary skill
12 in the art to which the subject matter of the patents-in-suit pertain;

13 (e) the claims of the patents-in-suit are indefinite and ambiguous and
14 therefore do not particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter
15 which the purported inventor regards as his invention:

16 (f) the specifications of the patents-in-suit do not contain an
17 enabling description of the claimed invention; .

18 (g) the specifications of the patents-in-suit do not disclose the best
19 mode of practicing the claimed invention therein;

20 (h) the purported inventor did not himself invent the subject matter
21 of the patents-in-suit; and

22 (i) the named inventor of the patents-in-suit is not the inventor of
23 the subject matter claimed in the patents-in-suit.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

25 2. Plaintiff is the rightful owner of some or all of the patents-in-suit.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

27 3. Plaintiff has a shop right to practice some or all of the patents-in-suit.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

2 4. Some or all of the patents-in-suit are rightfully owned by an entity
3 other than LT, and Plaintiff has a license from that entity to practice some or all of
4 the patents-in-suit.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

6 5. Some or all of the patents-in-suit are unenforceable due to inequitable
7 conduct.

15 (b) Upon information and belief, Leighton and his attorneys were
16 aware of information material to the claims of the patents-in-suit and, with a
17 deceitful intent, chose not to disclose that information to the United States
18 Patent and Trademark Office.

19 (c) During prosecution of the patents-in-suit, Leighton and his
20 attorneys were aware of a number of laminated security access card products
21 that were manufactured by Indala and others in accordance with one or more
22 of the methods claimed in some or all of the patents-in-suit. This information
23 was material to the patentability of the inventions claimed in some or all of
24 the patents-in-suit. Upon information and belief, Leighton and his attorneys
25 intentionally withheld the existence of these prior art products and methods
26 with an intent to deceive the United States Patent and Trademark Office. As a
27 result, some or all of the patents-in-suit are rendered unenforceable due to

1 inequitable conduct by Leighton and his attorneys during the application
2 therefor.

3 (d) During prosecution of the '155 Patent application, Leighton and
4 his attorneys failed to disclose the existence of the co-pending applications for
5 the '736 and '367 Patents, as well as prior art cited by the Examiner in the
6 co-pending application for the '367 Patent, including GB 2279610 to named
7 inventor Charles R. Jarvis (the "Jarvis Patent"). This information was
8 material to the patentability of the inventions claimed in the '155 Patent.
9 Upon information and belief, Leighton and his attorneys intentionally
10 withheld the existence of the co-pending applications for the '736 and '367
11 Patents and the Jarvis Patent with an intent to deceive the United States Patent
12 and Trademark Office. As a result, the '155 Patent is rendered unenforceable
13 due to inequitable conduct by Leighton and his attorneys during the
14 application therefor.

15 (e) During prosecution of the '367 Patent application, Leighton and
16 his attorneys failed to disclose the existence of the co-pending applications for
17 the '155 and '736 Patents. This information was material to the patentability
18 of the inventions claimed in the '367 Patent. Upon information and belief,
19 Leighton and his attorneys intentionally withheld the existence of the
20 co-pending applications for the '155 and '736 Patents with an intent to
21 deceive the United States Patent and Trademark Office. As a result, the '367
22 Patent is rendered unenforceable due to inequitable conduct by Leighton and
23 his attorneys during the application therefor.

24 **SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

25 6. LT's Counterclaims are barred, in whole or in part, by the equitable
26 doctrines of laches and estoppel.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

2 7. Some or all of the patents-in-suit are rendered unenforceable due to
3 their misuse by LT.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

5 8. Plaintiff reserves the right to raise and assert additional affirmative
6 defenses should additional affirmative defenses become known during the progress
7 of this litigation.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

9 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff requests that LT's Counterclaims be dismissed with
10 prejudice, that judgment be entered on Plaintiff's behalf and against LT, that LT
11 take nothing by its Counterclaims, and that this Court award Plaintiff's its attorney's
12 fees, costs and such other further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

13 DATED: May 18, 2006

PAYNE & FEARS LLP

By:

SEAN A. O'BRIEN

Attorneys for Plaintiffs
HID GLOBAL CORPORATION,
HID CORPORATION, INDALA
CORPORATION AND ACCESSID, INC.

OF COUNSEL:

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22 Edward Wood Dunham
23 Carrie A. Hanlon
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PROOF OF SERVICE

HID CORPORATION, et al., v. LEIGHTON TECHNOLOGIES LLC, et al.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF ORANGE

I am employed in the County of Orange, State of California. I am over the age of 18 years and am not a party to the within action; my business address is Jamboree Center, 4 Park Plaza, Suite 1100, Irvine, CA 92614.

On May 18, 2006, I served the following document(s) described as
**PLAINTIFF HID GLOBAL CORPORATION'S ANSWER AND
AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES TO LEIGHTON TECHNOLOGIES LLC'S
COUNTERCLAIMS** on interested parties in this action by placing a true copy
thereof enclosed in sealed envelopes as follows:

SEE ATTACHED SERVICE LIST

(By U.S. Mail) I am readily familiar with my employer's business practice for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit. I deposited such envelope(s) with postage thereon fully prepaid to be placed in the United States Mail at Irvine, California.

(By Personal Service) I delivered by hand on the interested parties in this action by placing the above mentioned document(s) thereof in envelope addressed to the office of the addressee(s) listed above or on attached sheet.

(By Facsimile) I served a true and correct copy by facsimile pursuant to C.C.P. 1013(e), calling for agreement and written confirmation of that agreement or court order, to the number(s) listed above or on attached sheet. Said transmission was reported complete and without error.

(FEDERAL) I declare that I am employed in the office of a member of the bar of this court at whose direction the service was made.

Executed on May 18, 2006, at Irvine, California.

Rebecca L. Espinoza
REBECCA L. ESPINOSA

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